FIFTH AVE. & 14TH ST.

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Trunks Stored at 25 Cents a Month

OFFICE HOURS: 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

WALTER G. ROGERS, Secretary and Manager

BEEF RESOLUTION FAILS.

House Committee Satisfied With Steps

Attorney-General Is Taking.

WASHINGTON, April 15 .- The House Com-

nittee on Judiciary voted unanimously

to-day that the Thayer Resolution re-

questing the Attorney-General to Inform

the House what steps had been taken by

the Department of Justice for an investi-

gation of the Beef Trust be reported to the

House with the recommendation that it

be laid on the table. The vote in commit-

tee was unanimous, Mr. DeArmond, of

DEBATE ON CUBAN RELIEF BILL

Mr. Payne Gives Notice That He Will Asi

to Have Time Limit Named. WASHINGTON, April 15 .- Before the House went into Committee of the Whole on the

Cuban Reciprocity bill to-day, Mr. Payne

(Rep., N. Y.), in charge of the measure,

made a further unsuccessful effort to obtain an agreement to close general debate on

Thursday, with eight-and-a-half-hour ses-

port the bill to the House at 4 o'clock on Fri-

day. Mr. Richardson, the Democratic leader, objected, and Mr. Payne gave notice that at the first opportunity he would move to

one ration a day, the same as received by cadets at the Naval Academy.

Risking Life

To make a living! And we stand and stare up at the man in the clouds, won-dering that any man can be so fool-

hardy But what of the business man, who has barely time to snatch a hasty meal, and gulps down a lanch of pie

the food eatest is not properly digeated and cannot be per-fectly assimilated, so that there is a daily loss of nutrition.

Dr. Fierre's Golden Medical Discovery

cures discussed the atomach and other regions of discussion and nutrition. It

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and milk in a few minutes? He too, is

make a living. Life is sustained by food

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risking his life.

sions on Wednesday and Thursday, and !

with the others.

The Metropolitan

e have bought control of the L. & N. August Belmont was one of those who came to Morgan & Co.'s office in the course of the day and another man who was at one of the conferences was Talbot J. Taylor, head of the firm of Talbot J. Taylor & Co., and son-in-law of James R. Keene. James J. Hill, President of the Great Northern Railway, while not apparently directly interested in what was going on was another terested in what was going on was another who called. Mr. Harris's visits to the Morgan who called. Mr. Harris 8 visits to the solution office were especially frequent, and, as one wall Street man, who had run across him twice on his frips expressed it, he looped the loop between that office and his own.

ENORMOUS BUYING OF SOUTHERN. In the stock market the excitement shifted to the stocks of the Southern Railway Company, the common stock of which, on record breaking dealings, rushed up in the first two hours of business to 40½ or 6 points above the closing price of Monday. The preferred stock at the same time advanced to 08½ or 3½ points above

Monday's final figures.

Throughout Wall street the sensational movement in Southern Railway shares was construed as direct evidence that John W. Gates had offered the control of the Louisville and Nashville property to J. P. Morgan & Co. for the Southern Railway, and the incorrect conclusion was generally reached that there was to be a consolidation of the two big railroad prop-

erties.

It was immediately following the giving out of the statement by Harris, Gates & Co. that Southern Railway shares touched their top figures of the day—the common stock selling at 40½ just after the noon hour. The sales of the stock, which had opened at 34%, aggregated for the first hour of business 358,000 shares, which breaks the record of trading for an indivividual stock for a single hour. The sales for the two hours up to noon were 559,000 shares. Louisville and Nashville stock opened at an extreme of 1½ points, 3,800 shares selling simultaneously at the opening in different parts of the trading crowd at all the way from 130½ to 131½. These proved the top figures of the day. It was evident that several prominent firms had 25,000 share orders in the market in Southern Railway common, and in executing them, it frequently happened that strings of Southern Railway sales would appear on the ticker tape running up to totale of 20,000 shares. The ticker was immediately following the giving strings of Southern Railway sales would appear on the ticker tape running up to totals of 20,000 to 40,000 shares. The ticker was five minutes behind at times, and brokers' offices were getting the quotations over the telephone wires much quicker.

The advance in the stock was so heavy and the trading so continuous that the

over the telephone wires much quicker.

The advance in the stock was so heavy and the trading so continuous that the rest of the market practically came to a standstill. Such heavy trading has rarely, if ever before, been witnessed on the New York Stock Exchange. The crowd of brokers around the Southern Railway post was a tremendous one and the din that they made as struggling, and pushing, they endeavored to execute their orders, could be heard out in the street. In some quarters the belief was strongly expressed that the Gates party had engineered the big play in Southern Railway shares, having been preparing for it ever since last week when they reached the decision to turn the Louisville and Nashville matter over to J. P. Morgan & Co.

The stock market quieted somewhat in the afternoon. Prices which had advanced throughout the list, particularly for the Northwestern stocks, St. Paul and Chicago and Northwestern, in which the Gates party has also been believed to be active, yielded on sales to realize profits.

Southern Railway common reacted to

Southern Railway common reacted to 37½ and the preferred to 97½. That was the price at which the preferred closed on total of 50,800 shares, while the common,

on total of 50,800 shares, while the common, on sales of 877,800 shares, closed at 37%. Louisville and Nashville, following the positive statement made by Harris, Gates & Co., that there was to be no corner reacted to 125½. It closed on total sales of 56,100 shares at 127, representing a net loss of 1 point compared with Monday's closing price. The total sales of all stocks for the day reached the heavy total of 1,741,887 shares. Arbitrage houses for London account were sellers of stocks on balance, selling large amounts of Southern Railway common, while the sensational rise of that stock was in progress. stock was in progress.

ORIGIN OF THE AVERTED "CORNER." There has been a great deal of Wall Street talk in the past few days about the exact position in the market of Louisville and Nashville stock—a stock that was "cornered" and yet was not "cornered." Regarding the position of the stock it was said in certain wall Street countries yesterday that it had the position of the stock it was said in certain Wall Street quarters yesterday that it had been found that certain of the directors of the company had sold all of their stock and in addition, Mr. Belmont, as chairman of the board, had sold for the company 50,000 shares of Treasury stock which he could not deliver until thirty days had elapsed, when it would be listed by the Stock Exchange. This stock is understood to have been sold at prices ranging from 104 to 109.

The result was that Mr. Gates, who had bought, held brokers' contracts which represented contracts made for the comrepresented contracts made for the com-pany. If a skyrocket rise in Louisville and Nashville was forced and the company was made to settle, Mr. Gates, who through his purchases would control the company, would be forcing the company to lose a lot of money. In other words he would be enriching himself and his friends at the expense of the company which he controlled. It was because of this circumstance that It was because of this circumstance that Mr. Gates and those associated with him did not call the stock, but extended the time for its delivery over the thirty-day period. In the meantime, it is asserted, with more or less authority the stock has been margined a full 12 points or the aggregate amount of \$600,000.

Southern Does Not want L & N.

Browner of this circumstance that the Danish Minister; Mr. Jules Boeufve of the French Embassy, Senator Clark of Montana. Senator Bacon, Mr. Henderson, Mr. Winthrop, Mr. Jones and Mr. Hague.

Count Matsukata, formerly Prime Minister of Japan, was a guest to-night at a dinner given in his honor by the Japanese Minister. There were twenty-two guests, most of them well-known financiers.

ing the reports that his company had pur-chased the Louisville and Nashville Railroad that there was no probability of any such

In reply to the question "Has the Louis-tille and Nastville neen offered to the Southern Emilway company by John W Gates and his nesscrintes?" President Spen-

and if it had been the offer would not have been considered. I would not be good husiness policy for the Southern Rallway formany to buy the Louisville and Nash-ville road, and I can state positively that no anch purchase has been thought of Mr. Spencer declined to make any com-

Mr. Speciaer declined to make any com-ment on the extraordinary activity of the Southern finitively element in the stock market. He east that he was in his way concerned in operatative matters, and had no means of knowing who was having, or who had been bright a majority of the stack of this company could be bought in the open market be said that such a thing was not thinly. The control of the property is wested in a voting true which will not count to east until after the perdered stock line paids a proposed dividend for one year has justed as it per count dividented for once your. The broad-large Hallman time just paid the first mention attention of the part send has the pareferred abuncos.

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to make a link in his chain of roads from MORE RIGID ARMY INQUIRY. Newport News to San Francisco. John Young Brown, then Governor of the State, carried the matter to the courts and it was finally settled in the Supreme Court, which held that the Louisville and Nashville could not buy the Chesapeake and Ohio Southwestern. The Illinois Central afterward took it.

ook it. FRANKPORT, Ky., April 15.-Gov. Beckham said to-night:

"The constitutional provisions and law in regard to the purchase or consolidation of competing lines of railroads are well known and will be strictly enforced. The case of Commonwealth vs. Louisville and Nashville and Illinois Central sets at rest the construction of these sections."

MILLIONS FOR WEST POINT. Academy to Be Rebuilt on Lines of the Naval Academy.

WASHINGTON, April 15 .- The House Committee on Military Affairs decided to-day upon the rebuilding of the Military Academy at West Point on the lines of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and in the Appropriation bill for the support of the Academy, which was completed this morning, \$3,090,326 is appropriated for this pur-

It is proposed that \$6,500,000 will be expended on the rebuilding of the academy, and the Secretary of War will be authorized to enter into contracts for this purpose to this amount, but none of the money appropriated in the present bill for the rebuilding is to be expended until the plans for the entire scheme of improvement are ap-

The other items in the bill are as follows: Permanent establishment, \$258,100; extra pay officers, \$25,334; band and general army service, \$88,192; pay of civilians, \$36,240; expenses, \$90,838; miscellaneous, \$38,293. The total amount carried by the bill is \$3,627,324.

FEARS OF A CHINESE RIOT.

Threats by Immigrants Detained at 'Frisco Government Orders Deportation.

WASHINGTON, April 15 .- A telegram was received at the Treasury Department this afternoon from the Collector of Customs at San Francisco stating that there was grave danger of a riot among the Chinese immigrants in the detention pens.

About a hundred of these Chinese arrived at San Francisco nearly a year ago, ostensibly bound for Mexico. They asked to be allowed to pass through this country in bond, but the Treasury Department was not satisfied that the immigrants were acting in good faith, and reached the conclusion that they intended, after reaching Mexico, to steal back across the border

nto the United States.

The Chinese were ordered deported at the expense of the Pacific Mail Steamship the expense of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, on whose line they were brought to the United States, but the company refused to carry them. An appeal to the courts was taken and the case is nowbefore the Supreme Court of the United States.

The telegram to the Treasury Department to-day represented that the Chinese had become restive under their detention and were protesting violently that they ought eitherto be allowed to proceed to Mexico or

either to be allowed to proceed to Mexico or transported back to their own country. They told the collector to-day that unless some decision was reached within twenty-

the steamship Esperanza for Cuba. They will remain in Cuba until the first of May.

Mrs. and Miss Root and the young son of the Secretary will sail for Europe the first of June, the voyage being made for the purpose of consulting specialists who will treat young Root for an ear trouble from which he has long suffered.

Washington Society Notes.

Washington, April 15 .- Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh entertained a large dinner party to-night in honor of the Belgian Minister and Baroness Moncheur. The table decorations were in the Belgian colors, yellow jonquils for the table pieces and red roses for the ladies. The guests invited were Mrs. Crackenthorpe of the British Embassy, Miss Pauncefote, Countess Cassini, Miss Wilson, Miss Cockrell, Miss Robeson, Miss Mattingly, Miss Patten, Mr. Brun. the Danish Minister; Mr. Jules Boeufve of the French Embassy, Senator Clark of

minister in the most of them well-known financiers.

Miss Katherine Bryant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Bryant, and James M. A. Watson were married at the residence of the bride at noon to-day by Cardinal Gibbons. Miss Wasserbach of this city was the bride's only attendant. The ushers were Allen Hoyt of Chicago and Irving McKenney of St. Paul and John D. Mahon of this city was best man

Cannon, chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, called on the President this morning. Mr Cannon said that the repeal of the war tages would not neces-sarily greatly reduce the aurplus of Govern-ment receipts over expenditures during the next fiscal year. He believed there would still be a surplus of many millions dated broad

Magazinerov April 15. These arms orders have Maker stone is incrementary and Kapt John B.

John parameters to through the han Franchish the han Franchish the han been presented to the product of the following that certificates of short stone is Brain, her married to han Franchish the hand stone in the Fellinghian training the products of the hold as collateral for house are taxable to hold the hold as collateral for house are taxable to hold the hold as collateral for house are taxable to hold the hold to hold the hold the hold to hold the hold the hold to hold the hold through Lord Arcelonas I. Hypotheses to the title finished to the

PROMPT ACTION AFTER A CABI-LET IT BE AT

Long Cablegram Sent to Gen. Chaffee, Calling for Investigation of All Charges of Cruelty by Army in Philippines Newspaper Charges, Testimony Before Schate Committee and Major Waller's Statements Basis of Inquiry Court-Martial for Gen. Smith if Waller's Testimony Was Given

NET DISCUSSION.

WASHINGTON, April 15 .- President Roose elt and Secretary Root have determined upon a rigid investigation of all charges of cruelty of any kind by the army in the Philippines, and have directed Gen. Chaffee to place Gen. Jacob H. Smith on trial by court-martial if there is any foundation for the statements made by Major Waller against that officer. This action was taken after a thorough discussion of the whole

subject at the Cabinet meeting to-day. The President expressed himself very strongly against the use of unnecessary harsh measures by army officers in dealing with Filipinos and urged upon Secretary Root immediate communication with Gen. Chaffee to secure a circumstantial report of all the facts connected with charges

of cruelty Secretary Root was of the opinion that a cablegram should be sent at once to Gen. Chaffee, urging an inquiry into all charges including those made in the newspapers and by enlisted men who testified before the Senate Committee on Philippine affairs. The President approved the suggestion, and late this afternoon the following cablegram was sent to Gen. Chaffee:

and late this afternoon the following cablegram was sent to Gen. Chaffee:

On Feb. 1a a letter was sent you enclosing,
for investigation, copy of charges made by
Gov. Gardener of Tayabas province, which
contained general allegations of cruelties
practised by troops on natives and generally
of an insolent and brutal attitude of the
army toward natives.

On April 2 a cable despatch was sent you,
urging action with all speed consistent with
a thorough and searching investigation.

On the 4th of March a cable despatch was
sent you, directing disciplinary measures
to produce obedience to the President's
instructions, subordinating military officers
to civil government in pacified provinces,
and instructing you to relieve Major Edwin'
F. Glenn and Capt. James A. Ryan from
duty and order them to Manila to await investigation into their conduct, in accordance with instructions to follow by mail.
On the 24th of March instructions were
mailed you, containing statement of charges
against those officers and Gen. Jacob H.
Smith as the basis of the investigation ordered
by the cable of March 4.

Further instructions in both matters are
required by the following facts:

Press despatches state that upon the trial
of Major Waller of the Marine Corps testimony was given by Waller, corroborated
by other witnesses, that Gen. Jacob H. Smith
instructed him to kill and burn: that the more
he killed and burned the better pleased Gen.
Smith would be; that it was no time to take
prisoners, and that when Major Waller asked
Gen. Smith to define the age limit for killing
he replied: "Everything over 10"

If such testimony was given, and the facts
can be established, you will place Gen. Smith
on trial by court-martial.

Yesterday, before the Senate Committee
on Philippine Afhirs, Sergt. Charles S. Riley
and Private William Lewis Smith of the
Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry testified
that the form of torture known as the "water
cure" was administered to Presidente of the
town of Igbarras, Hoilo Province, island of

were protesting violently that they ought either to be allowed to proceed to Mexico or transported back to their own country. They told the collector to-day that unless some decision was reached within twenty-four hours they would break out of their pen. The situation, the collector said in his telegram, is critical.

Assistant Secretary Taylor sent a telegram to the Pacific Mail Company to-night stating that unless they transported the immigrants back to China immediately, the Government would prosecute the company under the criminal statutes.

San Francisco, April 15.—The order for the deportation of the Chinese detained here arrived too late to-day to send them by the steamer Hong Kong Maru, but they may be shipped back on the steamer China.

ROOTS LEAVE WASHINGTON.

They Will Come to New York and Sall To-morrow for Cuba.

Washington, April 15.—Secretary Root, accompanied by Mrs. Root and Miss Root, will leave Washington to-morrow for New York, sailing at 3 P. M. on Thursday on the steamship Esperanza for Cuba. They will remain in Cuba until the first of May.

Mrs. and Miss Root and the young son of the Secretary will sail for Europe the first of May.

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years allowed for the prosecution by the statute of limitations is nearly at an end, no time is to be lost.

You will take such course in advancing or postponing the investigations previously ordered into the conduct of Gen. Smith and Major Glenn as shall be required to enable you to execute these instructions. It is believed that the violations of the law and humanity of which these cases, if true, are examples, will prove to be few and occasional and not to characterize the conduct of the army generally in the Philippines; but the fact that any such acts of cruelty and barbarity appear to have been done indicates the necessity of a most thorough, searching and exhaustive investigation under the general charges preferred by Gov. Gardener, and you will spare no effort in the investigation aiready ordered under these charges, to uncover every such case which may have occurred and bring the offenders to justice.

may have occurred and bring the offenders to justice

The President desires to know in the fullest and most circumstantial manner all the facts. nothing being concealed, and no man being for any reason favored or shielded. For the very reason that the President intends to back up the army in the heartiest fashion in every lawful and legitimate method of doing its work, he also intends to see that the most rigorous care is exercised to detect and prevent any cruelty or brushity, and that men who are guilty thereof are punished. Great as the provocation has been in dealing with foes who habitually resort to treachery, murder and torture against our men, nothing can justify, or will be held to justify, the use of torture or inhuman conduct of any kind on the part of the American Army. Secretary Boot was in consultation with Judge Advocate General Davis this afternoon, and steps have already been taken

bons. Miss Wasserbach of this city was been bride's only attendant. The ushers were Allen Hoyt of Chicago and Irving McKenney of St. Paul and John D. Mahon of this city was best man.

Effect of War Tax Repeal on Surplus.

Washington. April 16.—Representative cannon, chairman of the House Committee and Appropriations called on the President of t eariest practicable information of any further evidence which may be elicited by the committee, tending to fix respon-sibility upon any one in the military service of the United States for any violation of the laws of war or of the regulations or orders governing the operations of the army of the United States in the field.

STAMP TAX ON LOANS.

Attorney-dieneral to He Asked for Interpretation of the Law WARRIGOTON, April 15. The Commis-

soner of Internal Revenue reaffirmed to-day

Mr. Beid Beginner, sier geschnetzel friet, dieser Minister Minister od in Brighter Mreet Kannellen B.) withing in the Beider Research and Minister of the Establish of Register Market in Register and Associate of Register and Market Market Minister of State Associated Grant Minister of State Associated Grant Minister of Market Market Minister of Market Market Minister of Market Adviser, in paper covers, is sent /ev: un receipt of 21 consecont manage to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Prerie, Buffalo, N. V.

Your safety hereafter depends LIST OF MILES'S OFFENCES upon the safe you're after here.

TO BE MADE PUBLIC WHEN HE

The General Now Regarded Merely as a Safe Deposit Co.,

Mischief Maker-Orders Assigning Gen. Brooke to Command of the Army Are Ready to Be Issued. WASHINGTON, April 15 .- The compulsory

IS RETIRED.

retirement of Lieut.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles, tobe announced in a General Order issued by the Adjutant-General at the direction of the President, will be followed, in response to a resolution of Congress or otherwise by a chronological statement of his specific and long continued acts of insubordination and violation of the army regu-

A record of his official misconduct going back to a time prior to his succeeding Gen. Schoffeld as senior Major-General in command of the army has been prepared and will be made public in such a way that the country will fully understand the nature of his offences and the reasons why the Administration feels compelled to rebuke

In 1894 when Gen. Miles was in command at Chicago, he was so averse to carrying out the orders of the War Department at the time of the labor strikes there that he barely escaped court-martial at the hands of the Democratic administration and from that day to this he has committed many acts that would have resulted in court-

Missouri, who was at first inclined to believe that further steps were necessary, withdrawing his opposition and voting The resolution came to the committee on the 12th inst., on which day the chairman addressed the following letter to the At-

of the Democratic administration and from that day to this he has committed many acts that would have resulted in courtmartial if committed by any other officer of the army.

Gen. Miles is now regarded merely as a mischief maker and his persistence in aiding in every way possible those who are criticising the Government policy in the Philippines is such a flagrant violation of military rules and etiquette that it is felt to be absolutely necessary to get rid of him by the shortest possible method.

The order for Gen. Miles's retirement has been prepared and merely needs the President's signature to put it into effect.

The orders assigning Gen. Brooke to command of the army and providing for other necessary changes were made out some time ago and are ready for promulgating as soon as Gen. Miles's retirement is announced. torney-General:

DEAR SIR: Kindly inform me:

1 Has your attention been called to the matter alleged in House Resolution 203?

2 Have you been requested to take any official action in the matter?

3. Have you any evidence of the existence of such a combination? On the same day the Attorney-General replied as follows:

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

Sections Defining "Teacher" and "Stu dent" Struck From the Bill.

replied as follows:

I have your letter of this date, inclosing a copy of House Resolution 203, with reference to an alleged combination of six of the leading meat producers of this country, formed for the purpose of restricting and controlling trade and for raising the prices of the prime necessities of life, and asking me certain questions which I here repeat and answer in their order, not deeming such a course incompatible with the public interests. WASHINGTON, April 15 .- The Senate resumed consideration of the Chinese a course in their order, not decline such a course in compatible with the public interests.

First: "Has your attention been called to the matter alleged in House Resolution 203?" It has not, except so far as it is a matter of general notoriety.

Second: "Have you been requested to take any official action in the matter?" I have not. Third: "Have you any evidence of the existence of such a combination?" None that could be classed as legal evidence. It is proper, I think, however, to add that owing to the positive, off-repeated and circumstantial nature of the allegations that the law is being flagrantly violated. I directed some time ago a thorough investigation to be made by one of the District Attorneys of the United States for the purpose of ascertaining whether in fact such combination existed, and whether, if so, its operations were in violation of any Federal statute.

"It is apparent from this correspon-Exclusion bill to-day and Mr. Gallinger (Rep., N. H.) presented and read numerous telegrams and letters favoring the pending bill. Mr. Perkins (Rep., Cal.) said that he would present the antidote to that poison; and he thereupon proceeded to read telegrams presenting the opposite side of the question.

On motion of Mr. Fairbanks (Rep., Ind.) Sections 6 and 7, which specify the meaning of the terms "teacher" and "student," were struck from the bill.

Mr. Turner (Dem., Wash.) criticised the attitude of the Republican Senators toward the bill, questioned their fidelity to the principle of Chinese Exclusion and "It is apparent from this correspondence," says the report, "that there is no necessity for the adoption of the resolution.
"By reason of the widespread notoriety of the matter the Attorney-General of the United States has already ordered a thorough investigation. There is no doubt he will perform his duty and prosecute all offenders, if offenders there be."

The District Attorney mentioned in the asserted that the bill would go down by their votes. He assumed that they would support the Platt substitute, because in their hearts they were not in favor of pre-venting the immigration of Chinese, inas-much as the great manufacturing corpora-tions and the railroad and steamship companies were against such prohibition.

Mr. Spooner (Rep., Wis.) resented the attack of Mr. Turner on Republican Sena-

The District Attorney mentioned in the letter of Attorney-General Knox is supposed to be the District Attorney at Kansas City, who has been instructed, it is said, to take attack of Mr. Turner on Republican Senators, and said, sneeringly, that since the Senator had left the Republican party, he appeared to think that all its virtue, all its patriotism, all its devotion to American labor had departed with him. He (Mr. Spooner) did not need to defend the Republican party in regard to its protection of the interests of labor.

Coming to the question as to striking out to-day the two sections defining teacher and students, Mr. Spooner inquired why those violations of the treaty were struck out of the bill, while other violations of the treaty were retained. preliminary steps for the prosecution of the Beef Trust if it should be proved that the law is being violated.

the treaty were retained.

Mr. Mitchell, (Rep., Ore.) denied that they were violations of the treaty, and thought they should have been retained; but the committee had agreed to strike Senator from Wisconsin.

Mr. Platt (Rep., Conn.) accepted various amendments to his proposed substitute (extending the existing law until December,

1904), among them a reenactment of the Scott law, which was suggested by Mr. Spooner and one by Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.), prohibiting the passage of Chinese between the United States, the Philippines, Hawaii

TRADE OF THE PHILIPPINES. Imports Improve 21 Per Cent. in a Year,

at the first opportunity he would move to limit debate.

The first speaker was Mr. Swanson (Dem., Va.), in support of the bill. Mr. Swanson said the bill proceeded upon the Democratic theory for relieving distress, and he did not see how any of his political colleagues could oppose it.

The bill was opposed by S. W. Smith (Rep., Mich.), who reviewed the history of the adoption of the sugar schedule in the Dingley law and said that the surest way to discipline the Sugar Trust was to vote against the pending measure.

Mr. White (Dem., Kv.) advocated the passage of the bill and Mr. Burgess (Dem., Tex.) opposed it. Mr. Myer (Dem., La.) followed in opposition to the bill on behalf of the sugar planters of his State, and the day's discussion was closed by Mr. Sutherland (Rep., Utah), also in opposition to the bill. Experts Advance 7 Per Cent. WASHINGTON, April 15.-The Insular Division of the War Department gives these figures of the commerce of the Philippine Islands for the twelve months of the calendar years 1901 and 1900. The total value of merchandise imported during the calendar year 1901 was \$30,162,471.

during the calendar year 1991 was \$30,162.471, as against \$21,863,779 for the corresponding period of 1999, and the exports of merchandise during the calendar year 1991 amounted to \$24,563,535, as against \$22,990,378 for the similar period of 1999. These figures show an increase of 21 per cent. in the imports and 7 per cent in the exports. to the bil!

Mr. Hull (Rep., Ia.), chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, reported the Military Academy Appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1903. It carries a total of \$3,627.342, of which \$3,000.326 is for new buildings. The bill raises the pay of cadets from \$540 to \$600 a year, with one ration as

Michael Kerwin to Be Pension Agent Here WASHINGTON, April 15 The President



striped cheviots and worsteds. \$25 to \$85.

Nothing tardy-guited about our young men's suits; they're Burimon, of Teast introduced a cree lively in out and color.

until next Winter.

Date Securities of the Control of Acts Securities of the Control o



GOLD SEAL Special DIX

GOLD SEAL

CHAMPAGNE.

choicest grapes grown in our own vineyards, excels any other American "GOLD SEAL" may be placed on the table of the most fastifious connoisseur without fear of criticism or comparison with any im-

"GOLD SEAL" is made by the French process from the

ported champagne. Why pay twice as much for foreign labels?

"GOLD SEAL" is sold everywhere and served at all leading

SARAH BERNHARDT says: I and the Urbana Wine Co.'s "GOLD SEAL" CHAMPAGNE excellent, in fact, superior to many French Champagnes. It surprises me that such a fine wine can be produced in America. URBANA WINE CO., URBANA, N. Y., SOLE MAKER.

W. & J. Sloane

Carpets and Rugs Cleaned and Stored.

We are prepared to take up and care for Floor Coverings of all kinds, clean and renovate, pack carefully with moth preventives, store in our own warehouse, which has been especially equipped for the purpose, alter, refit, and relay at a moderate cost.

We make no extra charge for fire insurance or cartage, and add the precaution of a periodical examination of goods stored with us. All up to date methods in use, including steam and compressed air.

Broadway & 19th Street:

B. Altman & Co.

THE FASSO CORSET.

The latest improved forms of "The Fasso Corset" are now shown for Spring wear, in a variety of models, which can be fitted to most figures without the necessity of alteration.

Francis O'Neill B'way, Cor. 28th St. 28th St.

One week before we close our retail dep't. Sizes broken but quality the same.

\$4.00 Ladies', nothing over - - -Boys' and Misses', nothing over **\$2.**⁵⁰ make (Mens', nothing over - - -

Exceptional bargains in Ladies' cork sole hand-made, \$2.00 Custom Department After May 1st.

9 WEST 28th STREET.

Lubin's Powder

VIOLET and ROSE @ @ For the BABY'S TOILET

Purely vegetable. No white clay or talc. Three generations of mothers have testified to its purity

DEPEW AMENDMENT ADOPTED. Insures Defeat of Resolution for Popular Election of Senators.

WASHINGTON, April 15 .- The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections by a party vote to-day, adopted the amendment proposed by Senator Depew to the joint resolution providing for the election of Senators by popular vote instead of by the Legislatures of the States. His amendment reads.

ment reads.

The qualifications of citizens entitled to vote for United States Senators and Representatives in Congress shall be inform in all the States, and Congress shall be inform in all the States, and Congress shall be informed to enforce this article by appropriate legislinian and to provide for the registration of citizens splitted to vote the conduct of each elections, and the certification of the

The hour of adjournment came before Your tailor tardy?

The best of our Spring suits are ready now.

Patterns and fabrics that no tailor can before overplaided and striped cheviots and worsteds.

CALL FOR WALLER RECORDS House Resolution Introduced to Representatter Murkeaus

Wantitioxon, April 10 Representative tion to slay calling to the Socretary of Wa \$14 to \$99.

If you need a Spring overcout marked of Major k. W. T. Waller, of its now, you'll need it now and then were in the charge of anothering practices of the charge of anothering practices of the charge of anothering practices were in the Finingsian.

ARMS DEFEITES WILL CO.

Every good material long and mostes to superer within to success Lorenzo Military Masourers

Wantendon April 16 -Engeror Wo RODERS, PART OF COMPANY, | Book has supposed to the Consession that it word three stockingstocked attect off: the fit anders to otherwise the Secretar military to the fall. The invitation will be merepent, No melections have yet teem

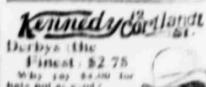
Col. Hooten a Brigadier-General. Washington, April 15. - The Senate -day confirmed Col. Mott Hooten as Brigadier-General. Col. Hooten reaches e age of retirement to-morrow and he der to receive the higher rank he ha-be confirmed to-day.

Cor.

A butcher and market man, who

had been past work for three or four years, from dyspepsia and indigestion, who had consulted a dozen different doctors and taken every kind of medicine, states that Ripans Tabules benefited him fromthe start, and that he can recommend them to any one troubled with indigestion.

At Druggists The Five-Cent packet is anough for a setalitize accesse. The family loss of the cents, contains a majorly for a year



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